EXHIBIT "B"

Juana Ramirez, Deputy

CAUSE NO. 16-02-55614-CV

MAXHIMER MANAGEMENT	§	IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF
SERVICES INC.	§	
Plaintiff,	§	
	§	
v.	§	
	§	JIM WELLS COUNTY, TEXAS
LANDMARK AMERICAN	§	
INSURANCE COMPANY, ENGLE	§	
MARTIN & ASSOCIATES, INC. &	§	
SCOTT LILES	§	
Defendants.	§	JUDICIAL DISTRICT

PLAINTIFF'S ORIGINAL PETITION

TO THE HONORABLE JUDGE OF SAID COURT:

COMES NOW, Maxhimer Management Services Inc. ("Plaintiff or Maxhimer"), and files this *Plaintiff's Original Petition*, complaining of Landmark American Insurance Company ("Landmark"), Engle Martin & Associates, Inc. ("Engle Martin"), and Scott Liles ("Liles"), (collectively referred to as "Defendants"), and for cause of action, Plaintiff would respectfully show this Honorable Court the following:

DISCOVERY CONTROL PLAN

1. Plaintiff intends for discovery to be conducted under Level 3 of Rule 190 of the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure. This case involves complex issues and will require extensive discovery. Therefore, Plaintiff will ask the Court to order that discovery be conducted in accordance with a discovery control plan tailored to the particular circumstances of its suit.

PARTIES

- 2. Plaintiff Maxhimer Management Services Inc. is a domestic entity with its principal place of business in Jim Wells County, Texas.
- 3. Defendant Landmark is a foreign insurance company engaging in the business of insurance in the State of Texas. Defendant Landmark has not designated an agent for service of process in the State of Texas. Accordingly, this defendant may be served pursuant to §17.044 of the Tex. Civ. Prac. & Rem. Code by serving the Texas Secretary of State at 1019 Brazos Street, Austin, Texas 78701 as this is Defendant's agent for service. Plaintiff requests that the Secretary of State immediately forward a duplicate copy of the process to Defendant's agent for service, Senior Claims Officer of RSUI Group, Inc., 945 East Paces Ferry Road, Suite 1800, Atlanta, Georgia 30326, by certified mail, return receipt requested.
- 4. Defendant Engle Martin is an adjusting company engaging in the business of adjusting insurance claims. This defendant may be served with personal process, by a process server, via certified mail, return receipt requested, by serving its Registered Agent, Corporation Service Company d/b/a CSC-Lawyers INCO, 211 East 7th Street, Suite 620, Austin, Texas 78701.
- 5. Defendant Liles is an individual residing in and domiciled in the State of Texas. This defendant may be served with personal process by a process server at his place of residence at 1711 Monvale Lane, Sugarland, Texas 77479.

JURISDICTION

- 6. The Court has jurisdiction over this cause of action because the amount in controversy is within the jurisdictional limits of the Court.
- 7. The Court has jurisdiction over Defendant Landmark because the defendant is an insurance company that engages in the business of insurance in the State of Texas, and Plaintiff's causes of action arise out of the defendant's business activities in the State of Texas.
- 8. The Court has jurisdiction over Defendant Engle Martin because the defendant engages in the business of adjusting insurance claims in the State of Texas, and Plaintiff's causes of action arise out of the defendant's business activities in the State of Texas.
- 9. The Court has jurisdiction over Defendant Liles because the defendant engages in the business of adjusting insurance claims in the State of Texas, and Plaintiff's causes of action arise out of the defendant's business activities in the State of Texas.

VENUE

10. Venue is proper in Jim Wells County, Texas, because the insured property is situated in Jim Wells County, Texas. Tex. Civ. Prac. & Rem. Code §15.032.

FACTS

11. Plaintiff is the owner of a Texas Commercial Insurance Policy number LHD383860 and/or LHD378248 (hereinafter referred to as "the Policy"), which was issued by Landmark.

- 12. Plaintiff owns the insured property, which is specifically located at 901 Sunset, Alice, Texas 78332, in Jim Wells County (hereinafter referred to as "the Property").
- 13. Landmark sold the Policy insuring the Property to Plaintiff.
- 14. On or about May 27, 2014, a massive hail storm struck Jim Wells County, Texas, causing significant damage to many homes and businesses throughout the region, including Plaintiff's property. The building roofs sustained extensive damage during the hail storm. Plaintiff's property also sustained substantial structural and exterior damage during the storm. Specifically, the exterior fascia, siding, doors, screens, handrails, light fixtures, and supporting columns on numerous units were damaged by falling hail and debris. In addition, Plaintiff's fence, carport and multiple H.V.A.C. units were severely damaged by the hail. Shortly after the hail storm, Plaintiff submitted a claim to Landmark against the Policy for the damage to the Property sustained as a result of the storm. Plaintiff asked that Landmark cover the cost of repairs to the Property pursuant to the Policy.
- 15. The claim number assigned by Landmark is 7030076758.
- 16. Defendant Landmark assigned Defendant Engle Martin as the overseeing adjusting company on the claim. Defendant Engle Martin and/or Landmark then assigned Defendant Liles as the adjuster on the claim. The adjusters assigned to Plaintiff's claim were improperly trained and failed to perform a reasonable or adequate inspection of the damages. During the course of his

inspection, Defendant Liles severely undervalued the damage to the property and also made the decision to deny some of Plaintiff's covered damages. This is evidenced by Liles' estimate which failed to account for many of the exterior elevation damages to numerous units on the property. Specifically, the estimate omitted damages the doors, screens, and light fixtures on the property. In addition, the estimate failed to provide amounts for the damage to Plaintiff's fencing. Furthermore, the estimate provided a minimal amount to comb and straighten the fins of the multiple H.V.A.C. units on the property despite the need for their replacement. Defendants Engle Martin and Landmark agreed with and adopted Defendant Liles' undervalued and erroneous evaluation of Plaintiff's damages as their own and Landmark ultimately issued underpayment based on that evaluation. To date, Plaintiff has not received the full payment amount due under the Policy, nor has it received any explanation from Defendants as to why they denied coverage on a significant portion of Plaintiff's damages.

17. As a result of the unreasonable investigation of Plaintiff's claim (including not providing full coverage for the damages sustained by Plaintiff and underscoping the damages during its investigation, thus denying adequate and sufficient payment to Plaintiff to repair its property), Plaintiff's claim was improperly and unreasonably adjusted. The mishandling of Plaintiff's claim has also caused a delay in its ability to make necessary repairs to the Property, which has resulted in additional and consequential damages. To

- date, Plaintiff has yet to receive the full payment to which it is entitled under the Policy.
- 18. As detailed in the paragraphs below, Landmark wrongfully denied Plaintiff's claim for repairs to the Property, even though the Policy provided coverage for losses such as those suffered by Plaintiff. Furthermore, Landmark underpaid some of Plaintiff's claims by not providing full coverage for the damages sustained by Plaintiff, as well as under-scoping the damages during its investigation.
- 19. To date, Landmark continues to delay in the payment for the damages to the property. As such, Plaintiff has not been paid in full for the damages to its property.
- 20. Defendant Landmark failed to perform its contractual duties to adequately compensate Plaintiff under the terms of the Policy. Specifically, it refused to pay the full proceeds of the Policy, although due demand was made for proceeds to be paid in an amount sufficient to cover the damaged property, and all conditions precedent to recovery upon the Policy had been carried out and accomplished by Plaintiff. Landmark's conduct constitutes a breach of the insurance contract between Landmark and Plaintiff.
- 21. Defendants Landmark, Engle Martin, and Liles misrepresented to Plaintiff that the damage to the Property was not covered under the Policy, even though the damage was caused by a covered occurrence. Defendants Landmark's, Engle Martin's, and Liles's conduct constitutes a violation of the

- Texas Insurance Code, Unfair Settlement Practices. TEX. INS. CODE \$541.060(a)(1).
- 22. Defendants Landmark, Engle Martin, and Liles failed to make an attempt to settle Plaintiff's claim in a fair manner, although they were aware of their liability to Plaintiff under the Policy. Defendants Landmark's, Engle Martin's, and Liles' conduct constitutes a violation of the Texas Insurance Code, Unfair Settlement Practices. Tex. Ins. Code §541.060(a)(2)(A).
- 23. Defendants Landmark, Engle Martin, and Liles failed to explain to Plaintiff the reasons for their offer of an inadequate settlement. Specifically, Defendants Landmark, Engle Martin, and Liles failed to offer Plaintiff adequate compensation, without any explanation why full payment was not being made. Furthermore, Defendants Landmark, Engle Martin, and Liles did not communicate that any future settlements or payments would be forthcoming to pay for the entire losses covered under the Policy, nor did they provide any explanation for the failure to adequately settle Plaintiff's claim. Defendants Landmark's, Engle Martin's, and Liles' conduct is a violation of the Texas Insurance Code, Unfair Settlement Practices. Tex. Ins. Code §541.060(a)(3).
- 24. Defendants Landmark, Engle Martin, and Liles failed to affirm or deny coverage of Plaintiff's claim within a reasonable time. Specifically, Plaintiff did not receive timely indication of acceptance or rejection, regarding the full and entire claim, in writing from Defendants Landmark, Engle Martin, and

- Liles. Defendants Landmark's, Engle Martin's, and Liles' conduct constitutes a violation of the Texas Insurance Code, Unfair Settlement Practices. TEX. INS. CODE §541.060(a)(4).
- 25. Defendants Landmark, Engle Martin, and Liles refused to fully compensate Plaintiff, under the terms of the Policy, even though Defendants Landmark, Engle Martin, and Liles failed to conduct a reasonable investigation. Specifically, Defendants Landmark, Engle Martin, and Liles performed an outcome-oriented investigation of Plaintiff's claim, which resulted in a biased, unfair, and inequitable evaluation of Plaintiff's losses on the Property. Defendants Landmark's, Engle Martin's, and Liles' conduct constitutes a violation of the Texas Insurance Code, Unfair Settlement Practices. Tex. Ins. Code §541.060(a)(7).
- Defendant Landmark failed to meet its obligations under the Texas Insurance Code regarding timely acknowledging Plaintiff's claim, beginning an investigation of Plaintiff's claim, and requesting all information reasonably necessary to investigate Plaintiff's claim, within the statutorily mandated time of receiving notice of Plaintiff's claim. Landmark's conduct constitutes a violation of the Texas Insurance Code, Prompt Payment of Claims. Tex. Ins. Code §542.055.
- 27. Defendant Landmark failed to accept or deny Plaintiff's full and entire claim within the statutorily mandated time of receiving all necessary information.

- Landmark's conduct constitutes a violation of the Texas Insurance Code, Prompt Payment of Claims. Tex. Ins. Code §542.056.
- 28. Defendant Landmark failed to meet its obligations under the Texas Insurance Code regarding payment of claim without delay. Specifically, it has delayed full payment of Plaintiff's claim longer than allowed, and, to date, Plaintiff has not received full payment for its claim. Landmark's conduct constitutes a violation of the Texas Insurance Code, Prompt Payment of Claims. Tex. Ins. Code §542.058.
- 29. From and after the time Plaintiff's claim was presented to Defendant Landmark, the liability of Landmark to pay the full claim in accordance with the terms of the Policy was reasonably clear. However, Landmark has refused to pay Plaintiff in full, despite there being no basis whatsoever on which a reasonable insurance company would have relied to deny the full payment. Landmark's conduct constitutes a breach of the common law duty of good faith and fair dealing.
- 30. Defendants Landmark, Engle Martin, and Liles knowingly or recklessly made false representations, as described above, as to material facts and/or knowingly concealed all or part of material information from Plaintiff.
- 31. As a result of Defendants Landmark's, Engle Martin's, and Liles' wrongful acts and omissions, Plaintiff was forced to retain the professional services of the attorneys and law firm who are representing it with respect to these causes of action.

32. Plaintiff's experience is not an isolated case. The acts and omissions Landmark committed in this case, or similar acts and omissions, occur with such frequency that they constitute a general business practice of Landmark with regard to handling these types of claims. Landmark's entire process is unfairly designed to reach favorable outcomes for the company at the expense of the policyholders.

CAUSES OF ACTION:

CAUSES OF ACTION AGAINST LILES

NONCOMPLIANCE WITH TEXAS INSURANCE CODE: UNFAIR SETTLEMENT PRACTICES

- 33. Defendant Liles' conduct constitutes multiple violations of the Texas Insurance Code, Unfair Settlement Practices. Tex. Ins. Code §541.060(a). All violations under their article are made actionable by Tex. Ins. Code §541.151.
- 34. Defendant Liles is individually liable for his unfair and deceptive acts, irrespective of the fact he was acting on behalf of Landmark, because he is a "person" as defined by Tex. Ins. Code §541.002(2). The term "person" is defined as "any individual, corporation, association, partnership, reciprocal or interinsurance exchange, Lloyds plan, fraternal benefit society, or other legal entity engaged in the business of insurance, including an agent, broker, adjuster or life and health insurance counselor." Tex. Ins. Code §541.002(2) (emphasis added). (See also Liberty Mutual Insurance Co. v. Garrison Contractors, Inc., 966 S.W.2d 482, 484 (Tex. 1998) (holding an insurance

- company employee to be a "person" for the purpose of bringing a cause of action against him or her under the Texas Insurance Code and subjecting him or her to individual liability)).
- 35. Defendant Liles' unfair settlement practice, as described above, of misrepresenting to Plaintiff material facts relating to the coverage at issue, constitutes an unfair method of competition and an unfair and deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance. Tex. Ins. Code §541.060(a)(1).
- 36. Defendant Liles' unfair settlement practice, as described above, of failing to attempt in good faith to effectuate a prompt, fair, and equitable settlement of the claim, even though liability under the Policy is reasonably clear, constitutes an unfair method of competition and an unfair and deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance. Tex. Ins. Code §541.060(a)(2)(A).
- 37. The unfair settlement practice of Defendant Liles, as described above, of failing to promptly provide Plaintiff with a reasonable explanation of the basis in the Policy, in relation to the facts or applicable law, for the offer of a compromise settlement of Plaintiff's claim, constitutes an unfair method of competition and an unfair and deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance. Tex. Ins. Code §541.060(a)(3).
- 38. Defendant Liles' unfair settlement practice, as described above, of failing within a reasonable time to affirm or deny coverage of the claim to Plaintiff, or to submit a reservation of rights to Plaintiff, constitutes an unfair method

- of competition and an unfair and deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance. Tex. Ins. Code §541.060(a)(4).
- 39. Defendant Liles' unfair settlement practice, as described above, of refusing to pay Plaintiff's claim without conducting a reasonable investigation, constitutes an unfair method of competition and an unfair and deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance. Tex. Ins. Code §541.060(a)(7).

CAUSES OF ACTION AGAINST ENGLE MARTIN

NONCOMPLIANCE WITH TEXAS INSURANCE CODE: UNFAIR SETTLEMENT PRACTICES

- 40. Defendant Engle Martin's conduct constitutes multiple violations of the Texas Insurance Code, Unfair Settlement Practices. Tex. Ins. Code §541.060(a). All violations under this article are made actionable by Tex. Ins. Code §541.151.
- 41. Defendant Engle Martin's unfair settlement practice, as described above, of misrepresenting to Plaintiff material facts relating to the coverage at issue, constitutes an unfair method of competition and an unfair and deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance. Tex. Ins. Code §541.060(a)(1).
- 42. Defendant Engle Martin's unfair settlement practice, as described above, of failing to attempt in good faith to effectuate a prompt, fair, and equitable settlement of the claim, even though liability under the Policy was reasonably clear, constitutes an unfair method of competition and an unfair and deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance. Tex. Ins. Code §541.060(a)(2)(A).

- 43. Defendant Engle Martin's unfair settlement practice, as described above, of failing to promptly provide Plaintiff with a reasonable explanation of the basis in the Policy, in relation to the facts or applicable law, for its offer of a compromise settlement of the claim, constitutes an unfair method of competition and an unfair and deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance. Tex. Ins. Code §541.060(a)(3).
- 44. Defendant Engle Martin's unfair settlement practice, as described above, of failing within a reasonable time to affirm or deny coverage of the claim to Plaintiff, or to submit a reservation of rights to Plaintiff, constitutes an unfair method of competition and an unfair and deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance. Tex. Ins. Code §541.060(a)(4).
- 45. Defendant Engle Martin's unfair settlement practice, as described above, of refusing to pay Plaintiff's claim without conducting a reasonable investigation, constitutes an unfair method of competition and an unfair and deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance. Tex. Ins. Code \$541.060(a)(7).

CAUSES OF ACTION AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS

FRAUD

- 46. Defendants Landmark, Engle Martin, and Liles are liable to Plaintiff for common law fraud.
- 47. Each and every one of the representations, as described above, concerned material facts for the reason that absent such representations, Plaintiff

would not have acted as it did, and which Landmark, Engle Martin, and Liles knew were false or made recklessly without any knowledge of their truth as a positive assertion.

48. The statements were made with the intention that they should be acted upon by Plaintiff, who in turn acted in reliance upon the statements, thereby causing Plaintiff to suffer injury and constituting common law fraud.

CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT FRAUD

49. Defendants Landmark, Engle Martin, and Liles are liable to Plaintiff for conspiracy to commit fraud. Defendants Landmark, Engle Martin, and Liles were members of a combination of two or more persons whose object was to accomplish an unlawful purpose or a lawful purpose by unlawful means. In reaching a meeting of the minds regarding the course of action to be taken against Plaintiff, Defendants Landmark, Engle Martin, and Liles committed an unlawful, overt act to further the object or course of action. Plaintiff suffered injury as a proximate result.

CAUSES OF ACTION AGAINST LANDMARK ONLY

50. Defendant Landmark is liable to Plaintiff for intentional breach of contract, as well as intentional violations of the Texas Insurance Code, and intentional breach of the common law duty of good faith and fair dealing.

BREACH OF CONTRACT

- 51. Defendant Landmark's conduct constitutes a breach of the insurance contract made between Landmark and Plaintiff.
- 52. Defendant Landmark's failure and/or refusal, as described above, to pay the adequate compensation as it is obligated to do under the terms of the Policy in question, and under the laws of the State of Texas, constitutes a breach of Landmark's insurance contract with Plaintiff.

NONCOMPLIANCE WITH TEXAS INSURANCE CODE: UNFAIR SETTLEMENT PRACTICES

- 53. Defendant Landmark's conduct constitutes multiple violations of the Texas Insurance Code, Unfair Settlement Practices. Tex. Ins. Code §541.060(a). All violations under this article are made actionable by Tex. Ins. Code §541.151.
- 54. Defendant Landmark's unfair settlement practice, as described above, of misrepresenting to Plaintiff material facts relating to the coverage at issue, constitutes an unfair method of competition and an unfair and deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance. Tex. Ins. Code §541.060(a)(1).
- 55. Defendant Landmark's unfair settlement practice, as described above, of failing to attempt in good faith to effectuate a prompt, fair, and equitable

- settlement of the claim, even though Landmark's liability under the Policy was reasonably clear, constitutes an unfair method of competition and an unfair and deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance. Tex. Ins. Code §541.060(a)(2)(A).
- Defendant Landmark's unfair settlement practice, as described above, of failing to promptly provide Plaintiff with a reasonable explanation of the basis in the Policy, in relation to the facts or applicable law, for its offer of a compromise settlement of the claim, constitutes an unfair method of competition and an unfair and deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance. Tex. Ins. Code §541.060(a)(3).
- 57. Defendant Landmark's unfair settlement practice, as described above, of failing within a reasonable time to affirm or deny coverage of the claim to Plaintiff, or to submit a reservation of rights to Plaintiff, constitutes an unfair method of competition and an unfair and deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance. Tex. Ins. Code §541.060(a)(4).
- 58. Defendant Landmark's unfair settlement practice, as described above, of refusing to pay Plaintiff's claim without conducting a reasonable investigation, constitutes an unfair method of competition and an unfair and deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance. Tex. Ins. Code §541.060(a)(7).

NONCOMPLIANCE WITH TEXAS INSURANCE CODE: THE PROMPT PAYMENT OF CLAIMS

- 59. Defendant Landmark's conduct constitutes multiple violations of the Texas Insurance Code, Prompt Payment of Claims. All violations made under this article are made actionable by Tex. Ins. Code §542.060.
- 60. Defendant Landmark's failure to acknowledge receipt of Plaintiff's claim, commence investigation of the claim, and request from Plaintiff all items, statements, and forms that it reasonably believed would be required within the applicable time constraints, as described above, constitutes a non-prompt payment of claims and a violation of Tex. Ins. Code §542.055.
- 61. Defendant Landmark's failure to notify Plaintiff in writing of its acceptance or rejection of the claim within the applicable time constraints constitutes a non-prompt payment of the claim. Tex. Ins. Code §542.056.
- 62. Defendant Landmark's delay of the payment of Plaintiff's claim following its receipt of all items, statements, and forms reasonably requested and required, longer than the amount of time provided for, as described above, constitutes a non-prompt payment of the claim. Tex. Ins. Code §542.058.

BREACH OF THE DUTY OF GOOD FAITH AND FAIR DEALING

- 63. Defendant Landmark's conduct constitutes a breach of the common law duty of good faith and fair dealing owed to insureds in insurance contracts.
- 64. Defendant Landmark's failure, as described above, to adequately and reasonably investigate and evaluate Plaintiff's claim, although at that time Landmark knew or should have known by the exercise of reasonable diligence

that its liability was reasonably clear, constitutes a breach of the duty of good faith and fair dealing.

KNOWLEDGE

65. Each of the acts described above, together and singularly, was done "knowingly," as that term is used in the Texas Insurance Code, and was a producing cause of Plaintiff's damages described herein.

DAMAGES

- 66. Plaintiff would show that all of the aforementioned acts, taken together or singularly, constitute the producing causes of the damages sustained by Plaintiff.
- 67. As previously mentioned, the damages caused by the hail storm have not been properly addressed or repaired in the time since the event, causing further damages to the Property, and causing undue hardship and burden to Plaintiff. These damages are a direct result of Defendants Landmark's and Liles' mishandling of Plaintiff's claim in violation of the laws set forth above.
- 68. For breach of contract, Plaintiff is entitled to regain the benefit of the bargain, which is the amount of the claim, together with attorney's fees.
- 69. For noncompliance with the Texas Insurance Code, Unfair Settlement Practices, Plaintiff is entitled to actual damages, which include the loss of the benefits that should have been paid pursuant to the policy, mental anguish, court costs, and attorney's fees. For knowing conduct of the acts described

- above, Plaintiff asks for three times its actual damages. Tex. Ins. Code §541.152.
- 70. For noncompliance with Texas Insurance Code, Prompt Payment of Claims, Plaintiff is entitled to the amount of its claim, as well as eighteen (18) percent interest per annum on the amount of such claim as damages, together with attorney's fees. Tex. Ins. Code §542.060.
- 71. For breach of the common law duty of good faith and fair dealing, Plaintiff is entitled to compensatory damages, including all forms of loss resulting from the insurer's breach of duty, such as additional costs, economic hardship, losses due to nonpayment of the amount the insurer owed, exemplary damages, and damages for emotional distress.
- 72. For fraud, Plaintiff is entitled to recover actual damages and exemplary damages for knowingly fraudulent and malicious representations, along with attorney's fees, interest, and court costs.
- 73. For the prosecution and collection of its claim, Plaintiff has been compelled to engage the services of the attorney whose name is subscribed to this pleading. Therefore, Plaintiff is entitled to recover a sum for the reasonable and necessary services of Plaintiff's attorney in the preparation and trial of its action, including any appeals to the Court of Appeals and/or the Supreme Court of Texas.

JURY DEMAND

74. Plaintiff hereby requests that all causes of action alleged herein be tried before a jury consisting of citizens residing in Jim Wells County, Texas.

WRITTEN DISCOVERY

REQUESTS FOR DISCLOSURE

75. Pursuant to Rule 194 of the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure, Defendants are requested to disclose, within 50 days of service of this request, the information or material described in Texas Rule of Civil Procedure 194.2.

REQUESTS FOR PRODUCTION

76. Plaintiff's Request for Production to Defendant Landmark American
Insurance Company is attached as "Exhibit A." Plaintiff's Request for
Production to Defendant Engle Martin & Associates, Inc. is attached as
"Exhibit A-1."

RULE 47 STATEMENT

- 77. Plaintiff prefers to have the jury determine the fair amount of compensation for Plaintiff's damages. It is early in the case to be assessing the full nature and scope of Plaintiff's damages, and Plaintiff places the decision regarding the amount of compensation to be awarded in the jury's hands.
- 78. Texas Rule of Civil Procedure 47, however, requires Plaintiff to provide a statement regarding the amount of monetary relief sought. Accordingly, Plaintiff states that monetary relief of over \$200,000 but less than \$1,000,000, in an amount to be determined by the jury, is being sought.

PRAYER

WHEREFORE, PREMISES CONSIDERED, Plaintiff prays that upon trial hereof, said Plaintiff have and recover such sums as would reasonably and justly compensate it in accordance with the rules of law and procedure, as to actual damages, treble damages under the Texas Insurance Code, and all punitive and exemplary damages as may be found. In addition, Plaintiff requests the award of attorney's fees for the trial and any appeal of its case, for all costs of Court on its behalf expended, for prejudgment and postjudgment interest as allowed by law, and for any other and further relief, either at law or in equity, to which it may show itself justly entitled.

Respectfully submitted,

COOK & ANDERSON LAW FIRM, PLLC

/s/David M. Anderson
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ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS

"Exhibit A"

CAUSE N		
MAXHIMER MANAGEMENT SERVICES INC.	§ 8	IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF
Plaintiff,	8 §	
,	§	
v.	§	
LANDMARK AMERICAN	§ 8	JIM WELLS COUNTY, TEXAS
INSURANCE COMPANY,	8 §	JIM WELLS COUNTI, TEARS
ENGLE MARTIN &	§	
ASSOCIATES, INC. & SCOTT	§	
LILES Defendants.	8	JUDICIAL DISTRICT
Detellualits.	3	

PLAINTIFF'S FIRST REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION TO DEFENDANT LANDMARK AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY

To: Defendant Landmark American Insurance Company, by and through its Registered Agent, Senior Claims Officer of RSUI Group, at 945 East Paces Ferry Road, Suite 1800, Atlanta, Georgia 30326.

Pursuant to Rule 196 of the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure, Defendant Landmark American Insurance Company must produce all requested documents and information (as kept in the ordinary course of business or organized and labeled to correspond with categories in each request), not more than 50 days after service of these requests.

Respectfully submitted,

COOK & ANDERSON LAW FIRM, PLLC

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Answer each request for documents separately by listing the documents and by describing them as defined below. If documents produced in response to this request are numbered for production, in each response provide both the information that identifies the document and the document's number.
- 2. For a document that no longer exists or that cannot be located, identify the document, state how and when it passed out of existence or could no longer be located, and the reasons for the disappearance. Also, identify each person having knowledge about the disposition or loss of the document, and identify any other document evidencing the lost document's existence or any facts about the lost document.
 - a. When identifying the document, you must state the following:
 - (1) The nature of the document (e.g., letter, handwritten note).
 - (2) The title or heading that appears on the document.
 - (3) The date of the document and the date of each addendum, supplement, or other addition or change.
 - (4) The identities of the author, signer of the document, and person on whose behalf or at whose request or direction the document was prepared or delivered.
 - b. When identifying the person, you must state the following:
 - (1) The full name.
 - (2) The present or last known residential address and residential telephone number.
 - (3) The present or last known office address and office telephone number.
 - (4) The present occupation, job title, employer, and employer's address.

DEFINITIONS

The following definitions shall have the following meanings, unless the context requires otherwise:

- 1. "Plaintiff" or "defendant," as well as a party's full or abbreviated name or a pronoun referring to a party, means the party, and when applicable, the party's agents, representatives, officers, directors, employees, partners, corporate agents, subsidiaries, affiliates, or any other person acting in concert with the party or under the party's control, whether directly or indirectly, including any attorney.
- 2. "You" or "your" means Landmark American Insurance Company, as well as its successors, predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, related companies, including holding companies, present and former officers, agents, employees, and all other persons acting on behalf of Landmark American Insurance Company or its successors, predecessors, divisions, and subsidiaries and related companies, including holding companies.
- 3. "Document" means all written, typed, or printed matter and all magnetic, electronic, or other records or documentation of any kind or description in your actual possession, custody, or control, including those in the possession, custody, or control of any and all present or former directors, officers, employees, consultants, accountants, attorneys, or other agents, whether or not prepared by you, that constitute or contain matters relevant to the subject matter of the action. "Document" includes, but is not limited to, the following: letters, reports, charts, diagrams, correspondence, telegrams, memoranda, notes, records, minutes, contracts, agreements, records or notations of telephone or personal conversations or conferences, interoffice communications, e-mail, microfilm, bulletins, circulars, pamphlets, photographs, faxes, invoices, tape recordings, computer printouts, drafts, résumés, logs, worksheets, notations, sketches, and deleted emails.
- 4. "Electronic or magnetic data" means electronic information that is stored in a medium from which it can be retrieved and examined. The term refers to the original (or identical duplicate when the original is not available) and any other copies of the data that may have attached comments, notes, marks, or highlighting of any kind. Electronic or magnetic data includes, but is not limited to, the following: computer programs; operating systems; computer activity logs; programming notes or instructions; e-mail receipts, messages, or transmissions; output resulting from the use of any software program, including word-processing documents, spreadsheets, database files, charts, graphs, and outlines; metadata; PIF and PDF files; batch files; deleted files; temporary files; Internet- or web-browser-generated information stored in textual, graphical, or audio format, including history files, caches, and cookies; and any miscellaneous

files or file fragments. Electronic or magnetic data includes any items stored on magnetic, optical, digital, or other electronic-storage media, such as hard drives, floppy disks, CD-ROMs, DVDs, tapes, smart cards, integrated-circuit cards (e.g., SIM cards), removable media (e.g., Zip drives, Jaz cartridges), microfiche, or punched cards. Electronic or magnetic data also includes the file, folder, tabs, containers, and labels attached to or associated with any physical storage device with each original or copy and expressly includes deleted emails or other information.

- 5. "Possession, custody, or control" of an item means that the person either has physical possession of the item or has a right to possession equal or superior to that of the person who has physical possession of the item.
- 6. "Person" means any natural person, corporation, firm, association, partnership, joint venture, proprietorship, governmental body, or any other organization, business, or legal entity, and all predecessors or successors in interest.
- 7. "Mobile device" means any cellular telephone, satellite telephone, pager, personal digital assistant, handheld computer, electronic rolodex, walkie-talkie, or any combination of these devices.

PLAINTIFF'S FIRST REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION TO DEFENDANT LANDMARK AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY

- 1. Produce all nonidentical copies of **Insurance Policy No. LHD383860 and LHD378248** (hereinafter referred to as "The Policy"), which provided coverage for the property located at **901 Sunset, Alice, Texas 78332** (hereinafter referred to as "The Property"), on or about May 27, 2014.
- 2. Produce all claims files created, kept, maintained, or otherwise related to Claim No. 7030076758.
- 3. Produce all claims files created, kept, maintained, or otherwise related to The Policy at issue in this suit.
- 4. Produce all claims files created, kept, maintained, or otherwise related to The Property at issue in this suit.
- 5. Produce all Underwriting files created, kept, maintained, or otherwise related to The Policy at issue in this suit.
- 6. Produce all Underwriting files created, kept, maintained, or otherwise related to The Property at issue in this suit.
- 7. Produce all electronic and magnetic information and data, including emails and deleted emails, relating to Claim No. 7030076758 in native format via USB drive or DVD/CD-ROM.
- 8. Produce all electronic and magnetic information and data, including emails and deleted emails, relating to The Policy in native format via USB drive or DVD/CD-ROM.
- 9. Produce all electronic and magnetic information and data, including emails and deleted emails, relating to The Property in native format via USB drive or DVD/CD-ROM.
- 10. Produce any and all communications and documents sent to or received from, or exchanged by and between you and Plaintiff and its agents, employees, or representatives concerning the subject matter of this lawsuit.
- 11. Produce all communications between Plaintiff and Defendants Landmark American Insurance Company ("Landmark"), Engle Martin & Associates, Inc. ("Engle Martin"), and Scott Liles ("Liles"), including any of Defendants' other employees or agents, relating to Claim No. 7030076758.
- 12. Produce all communications between Plaintiff and Defendants Landmark American Insurance Company ("Landmark"), Engle Martin & Associates, Inc. ("Engle Martin"), and Scott Liles ("Liles"), including any of Defendants' other employees or agents, relating to The Policy.
- 13. Produce all communications between Plaintiff and Defendants Landmark American Insurance Company ("Landmark"), Engle Martin & Associates, Inc.

- ("Engle Martin"), and Scott Liles ("Liles"), including any of Defendants' other employees or agents, relating to The Property.
- 14. Produce all documents or other material or information that reflect any instructions or directions Landmark, including its employees and agents, provided or made available to Plaintiff relating to Claim No. 7030076758.
- 15. Produce all documents or other material or information that reflect any instructions or directions Defendant Landmark, including its employees and agents, provided or made available to Plaintiff relating to The Policy.
- 16. Produce all documents or other material or information that reflect any instructions or directions Defendant Landmark, including its employees and agents, provided or made available to Plaintiff relating to The Property.
- 17. Produce all documents that relate to any inspections performed on The Property.
- 18. Produce all SIU files created, kept, maintained, or otherwise related to Claim No. 7030076758.
- 19. Produce all SIU files created, kept, maintained, or otherwise related to The Policy at issue in this suit.
- 20. Produce all SIU files created, kept, maintained, or otherwise related to The Property at issue in this suit.
- 21. Produce all training materials relevant to the adjusting of hail/wind damage claims in Texas.
- 22. Produce all policies/procedures/guidelines maintained by Landmark that relate to the handling of hail/wind damage claims in Texas.
- 23. Produce all personnel files maintained by Landmark regarding Defendant Liles.
- 24. Produce all personnel files maintained by Landmark regarding any other adjuster/claim representative assigned to **Claim No. 7030076758**.

"Exhibit A-1"

CAUSE NO		
§	IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF	
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§	JIM WELLS COUNTY, TEXAS	
§		
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§	JUDICIAL DISTRICT	
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PLAINTIFF'S FIRST REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION TO DEFENDANT ENGLE MARTIN & ASSOCIATES, INC.

To: Defendant Engle Martin & Associates, Inc., by and through its Registered Agent, Corporation Service Company d/b/a CSC-Lawyers INCO, 211 East 7th Street, Suite 620, Austin, Texas 78701.

Pursuant to Rule 196 of the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure, Defendant Engle Martin & Associates, Inc. must produce all requested documents and information (as kept in the ordinary course of business or organized and labeled to correspond with categories in each request), not more than 50 days after service of these requests.

Respectfully submitted,

COOK & ANDERSON LAW FIRM, PLLC

/s/David M. Anderson
David M. Anderson
State Bar No. 24064815
Andrew C. Cook
State Bar No. 24057481
101 N. Shoreline Blvd., Suite 420
Corpus Christi, Texas 78401
(361) 884-4433 (Office)
(361) 884-4434 (Facsimile)
anderson@ccatriallaw.com
cook@ccatriallaw.com

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Answer each request for documents separately by listing the documents and by describing them as defined below. If documents produced in response to this request are numbered for production, in each response provide both the information that identifies the document and the document's number.
- 2. For a document that no longer exists or that cannot be located, identify the document, state how and when it passed out of existence or could no longer be located, and the reasons for the disappearance. Also, identify each person having knowledge about the disposition or loss of the document, and identify any other document evidencing the lost document's existence or any facts about the lost document.
 - a. When identifying the document, you must state the following:
 - (1) The nature of the document (e.g., letter, handwritten note).
 - (2) The title or heading that appears on the document.
 - (3) The date of the document and the date of each addendum, supplement, or other addition or change.
 - (4) The identities of the author, signer of the document, and person on whose behalf or at whose request or direction the document was prepared or delivered.
 - b. When identifying the person, you must state the following:
 - (1) The full name.
 - (2) The present or last known residential address and residential telephone number.
 - (3) The present or last known office address and office telephone number.
 - (4) The present occupation, job title, employer, and employer's address.

DEFINITIONS

The following definitions shall have the following meanings, unless the context requires otherwise:

- 1. "Plaintiff" or "defendant," as well as a party's full or abbreviated name or a pronoun referring to a party, means the party, and when applicable, the party's agents, representatives, officers, directors, employees, partners, corporate agents, subsidiaries, affiliates, or any other person acting in concert with the party or under the party's control, whether directly or indirectly, including any attorney.
- 2. "You" or "your" means **Engle Martin & Associates, Inc.**, as well as its successors, predecessors, divisions, subsidiaries, related companies, including holding companies, present and former officers, agents, employees, and all other persons acting on behalf of **Engle Martin & Associates, Inc.** or its successors, predecessors, divisions, and subsidiaries and related companies, including holding companies.
- 3. "Document" means all written, typed, or printed matter and all magnetic, electronic, or other records or documentation of any kind or description in your actual possession, custody, or control, including those in the possession, custody, or control of any and all present or former directors, officers, employees, consultants, accountants, attorneys, or other agents, whether or not prepared by you, that constitute or contain matters relevant to the subject matter of the action. "Document" includes, but is not limited to, the following: letters, reports, charts, diagrams, correspondence, telegrams, memoranda, notes, records, minutes, contracts, agreements, records or notations of telephone or personal conversations or conferences, interoffice communications, e-mail, microfilm, bulletins, circulars, pamphlets, photographs, faxes, invoices, tape recordings, computer printouts, drafts, résumés, logs, worksheets, notations, sketches, and deleted emails.
- 4. "Electronic or magnetic data" means electronic information that is stored in a medium from which it can be retrieved and examined. The term refers to the original (or identical duplicate when the original is not available) and any other copies of the data that may have attached comments, notes, marks, or highlighting of any kind. Electronic or magnetic data includes, but is not limited to, the following: computer programs; operating systems; computer activity logs; programming notes or instructions; e-mail receipts, messages, or transmissions; output resulting from the use of any software program, including word-processing documents, spreadsheets, database files, charts, graphs, and outlines; metadata; PIF and PDF files; batch files; deleted files; temporary files; Internet- or web-browser-generated information stored in textual, graphical, or audio format, including history files, caches, and cookies; and any miscellaneous

files or file fragments. Electronic or magnetic data includes any items stored on magnetic, optical, digital, or other electronic-storage media, such as hard drives, floppy disks, CD-ROMs, DVDs, tapes, smart cards, integrated-circuit cards (e.g., SIM cards), removable media (e.g., Zip drives, Jaz cartridges), microfiche, or punched cards. Electronic or magnetic data also includes the file, folder, tabs, containers, and labels attached to or associated with any physical storage device with each original or copy and expressly includes deleted emails or other information.

- 5. "Possession, custody, or control" of an item means that the person either has physical possession of the item or has a right to possession equal or superior to that of the person who has physical possession of the item.
- 6. "Person" means any natural person, corporation, firm, association, partnership, joint venture, proprietorship, governmental body, or any other organization, business, or legal entity, and all predecessors or successors in interest.
- 7. "Mobile device" means any cellular telephone, satellite telephone, pager, personal digital assistant, handheld computer, electronic rolodex, walkie-talkie, or any combination of these devices.

PLAINTIFF'S FIRST REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION TO DEFENDANT ENGLE MARTIN & ASSOCIATES, INC.

- 1. Produce all nonidentical copies of Insurance Policy No. LHD38386 and LHD378248 (hereinafter referred to as "The Policy"), which provided coverage for the property located at 901 Sunset, Alice, Texas 78332 (hereinafter referred to as "The Property"), on or about May 27, 2014.
- 2. Produce all claims files created, kept, maintained, or otherwise related to Claim No. 7030076758.
- 3. Produce all claims files created, kept, maintained, or otherwise related to The Policy at issue in this suit.
- 4. Produce all claims files created, kept, maintained, or otherwise related to The Property at issue in this suit.
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- 12. Produce all communications between Plaintiff and Defendants Landmark American Insurance Company ("Landmark"), Engle Martin & Associates, Inc. ("Engle Martin"), and Scott Liles ("Liles"), including any of Defendants' other employees or agents, relating to The Policy.
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- ("Engle Martin"), and Scott Liles ("Liles"), including any of Defendants' other employees or agents, relating to The Property.
- 14. Produce all documents or other material or information that reflect any instructions or directions Engle Martin, including its employees and agents, provided or made available to Plaintiff relating to **Claim No. 7030076758**.
- 15. Produce all documents or other material or information that reflect any instructions or directions Defendant Engle Martin, including its employees and agents, provided or made available to Plaintiff relating to The Policy.
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